Modeling Earth's Atmospheric Layers

- Start with a large piece of paper.
 You can use legal paper or ~ 3 sq. ft of butcher/chart paper.
- Draw the Earth. Use coloring utensils to trace a Earth in the center of the paper. Be sure to leave space to draw around it. Color the Earth blue and green to represent the continents and oceans.
- 3. Draw the **troposphere**, which is the first layer of the atmosphere. The troposphere extends 16 km above Earth.
 - a. Use the following scale 1mm=1km. Put a series of dots around Earth, 16 mm from the Earth's surface.
 - b. Connect the dots and label it the troposphere. Color it yellow. Draw pictures to help indicate what happens in this layer. You can add airplanes, people, weather occurrences, bad ozone.
- 4. Draw the **stratosphere**, which is the second layer of the atmosphere. It extends 16km-50km above the Earth's surface.
 - a. Measure and draw a circle 50 mm from Earth's surface. Be careful- do not draw it starting from the troposphere, remember to start measuring from Earth's surface.
 - b. Connect the dots and label it stratosphere. Color it orange.
 - c. Draw pictures to help indicate what happens here. Jet streams occur here, which are fast moving currents of air between the 2 layers. This is also where the ozone layer is found, which absorbs ultraviolet radiation.
- 5. Draw the **mesosphere**, which extends 50km-90km from the Earth's surface.
 - a. Measure and draw a circle 90 mm from the Earth's surface.
 - b. Label this layer mesosphere. Color it red.
 - c. Draw pictures to help show characteristics. It is the coldest layer of the atmosphere. Radio waves are reflected to Earth and meteors burn up in this layer.
- 6. Label the **ozone**. The ozone is not a main layer of the atmosphere, but plays an important role in how it works.
 - a. The ozone is between the stratosphere and the mesosphere. Its symbol is O_3 because it is made of three oxygen atoms.
 - b. Color a thin, blue line to represent the ozone. Make a small section of the line dotted (----) to represent the "hole" in the ozone layer.
- 7. Draw the **thermosphere**. This is the fourth layer of the atmosphere. It extends 90km-300km from the Earth's surface.
 - a. Label it the thermosphere and color it green.
 - b. Draw pictures to help show characteristics. The thermosphere is very hot and contains light "shows" called auroras.
- 8. Beyond the thermosphere is the **exosphere**. It extends 300km-> 600 km.
 - a. Color this gray and label it exosphere.
 - b. When meteoroids enter Earth's atmosphere, they enter through the thermosphere, which is extremely hot. Because of the heat, most meteoroids burn up. Draw and label a meteor entering Earth's atmosphere.

(attachment 3)