Name:	Pe	eriod:	Date:							
Determining Genotypes Worksheet										
Part I: Determining the correct letter to use.										
Direction	s: Read the given statement and deterr	mine the letter that sho	ould be used to represent each trait.							
			Jse U to represent unattached ear lobes).							
	Tall plants are dominant to short plan	its. (Use T to represen								
3.	D: R: Freckles are dominant to non-freckles	s. (Use K to represent	freckles).							
4.	D: R:	htedness. (Use V to re	epresent normal vision).							
5.	D: R:									
6.	D: R:									
	D: R: Tongue rolling is dominant to non-ton									
7.	D: R:									
	Dimples are dominant to non-dimples D: R:									
	Brown eyes are dominant to blue eyes D: R:									
10	Brown eyes are dominant to green eye	es. (Use g to represent	green eyes).							
	D: R: _									
Part II: D Directions	etermining the correct allele combinate: Read the given statement & determin	<i>tion</i> . ne the allele combinati	on for each parent or organism.							
11.	Paul's mom is a purebred for freckles.	. Paul's dad is a hybri	d for freckles.							
12.	Mom: Rachel's mom is hybrid for widow's p	Dad: beak. Rachel's dad do	esn't have a widow's peak.							
13.	Mom: Luke's ears are attached. Luke's mom		d while is dad's is attached.							
14.	Mom: One plant is homozygous tall. The oth	ner plant is heterozygo	ous tall.							
15.	Plant 1: Michael's parents are both homozygou	Plant 2: us for nearsightedness								
	Mom:	Dad:								
	David's father is a homozygous tongue  Mom:	Dad:								
	Sarah has dimples. Sarah's mom does  Mom:	not but her dad is her Dad:								
18.	Lawrence's dad was diagnosed with co	olorblindness. Lawren	nce's mom is hybrid for colorblindness.							
19.	Mom: Seth has blue eyes. His mother also ha	as blue eyes. His dad	has brown eyes.							
		o has green eyes as w	ell as his sister. However, Louis' dad is							
į.	hybrid for brown eyes.  Mom:	Dad:								

Part III: Completing the Punnett Square
Directions: Complete the Punnett squares that go with each of the last 10 examples.

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			31. Wh	at is the likelihoo	d that children in pr	oblem 2	1 will have a Kk	allele combination?		
		1			% of the offspring					
		ı			lid you get the Uu a					
								allele combination?		
					% are nearsighted?					
	36. What % of offspring will be able to roll their tongue in problem 26?									
	1	3	7. Wha	t % of offspring i	in problem 27 will n	ot have	dimples?			
. —			8. In ho	ow many boxes in	n did you get an alle	le comb	ination for color	vision in problem 28?		
		3	9. In pr	oblem 29, what %	% of the offspring w	ill have	blue eyes?			
		4	0. What	t are all the possil	ble phenotypes for t	he child	ren in problem 30	)?		

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